Standard 6x 19 and 6x 36 classification ropes

6 x 19 vs. 6 x 36

> It's a question of what your needs are. The 6 x 19 ropes emphasize abrasion resistance while the 6 x 36 ropes are important for their fatigue resistance.

he 6 x 19 classification of wire ropes includes standard 6 strand, round strand ropes with 16 through 26 wires per strand. The 6 x 36 classification of wire ropes includes standard 6 strand, round strand ropes with 27 through 49 wires per strand. Although their operating properties vary, all have the same weight per foot and the same minimum breaking force, size for size.

While the 6 x 19 ropes give primary emphasis to abrasion resistance in varying degrees, the 6 x 36 ropes are important for their fatigue resistance. This fatigue resistance is made possible by the greater number of small wires per strand.

Although there are exceptions for special applications, the constructions in 6 x 36 classification are primarily designed to be the most efficient for each rope diameter. As the rope size increases, for instance, a large number of wires can be used to achieve required fatigue resistance, and still those wires will be large enough to offer adequate resistance to abrasion.

PROPERTIES OF STANDARD 6 X 19 AND 6 X 36 WIRE ROPES

6 x 19 CLASS ROPES

6 x 19S (SEALE) This is a good rope to withstand abrasion or crushing on the drum but its fatigue resistance is decreased.



6 x 25F (FILLER

WIRE) To most wire rope users, 6 x 19 means 6 x 25 filler wire. It is a common rope in the 6 x 19 classification.

6 X 26WS (WARRINGTON

SEALE) A standard 6 x 26WS design provides the best rope for a wide range of applications. In general, we recommend the use of a 6 x 26WS in any application where a 6 x 25F is used.











6 x 26WS

6 x 36 CLASS ROPES

In most rope sizes, only one 6 x 36 classification rope is made. These constructions were selected to provide fatigue resistance without having wires that are too small.

The greater number of wires in the 6 x 36 classification makes these ropes more susceptible to crushing. This can be minimized, however, by specifying an **Independent Wire** Rope Core (IWRC) and by using well-designed sheaves, grooved drums and proper operating techniques.



6 x 31WS



6 x 36WS



6 x 49SWS

MINIMUM BREAKING FORCE AND WEIGHTS FOR STANDARD 6 X 19 AND 6 X 36 CLASSIFICATION ROPES

	FIBER CORE			IWRC			
Diameter (in.)	Approx. wt./ft. (lb.)	Minimum breaking force (tons of 2,000 lb.)		Approx. wt./ft. (Ib.)	Minimum breaking force (tons of 2,000 lb.)		
		IPS	XIP®		IPS	XIP®	XXIP®
3/16 1/4 5/16	0.059 0.105 0.164	1.55 2.74 4.26	1.71 3.02 4.69	0.116 0.18	2.94 4.58	3.40 5.27	
3/8 7/16 1/2	0.236 0.32 0.42	6.10 8.27 10.7	6.72 9.10 11.8	0.26 0.35 0.46	6.56 8.89 11.5	7.55 10.2 13.3	8.30 11.2 14.6
9/16 5/8 3/4	0.53 0.66 0.95	13.5 16.7 23.8	14.9 18.3 26.2	0.59 0.72 1.04	14.5 17.9 25.6	16.8 20.6 29.4	18.5 22.7 32.4
7/8 1 1 1/8	1.29 1.68 2.13	32.2 41.8 52.6	35.4 46.0 57.8	1.42 1.85 2.34	34.6 44.9 56.5	39.8 51.7 65.0	43.8 56.9 71.5
1 1/4 1 3/8 1 1/2	2.63 3.18 3.78	64.6 77.7 92.0	71.1 85.5 101	2.89 3.50 4.16	69.4 83.5 98.9	79.9 96.0 114	87.9 106 125
1 5/8 1 3/4 1 7/8	4.44 5.15 5.91	107 124 141	118 137 156	4.88 5.67 6.50	115 133 152	132 153 174	146 169 192
2 2 1/8 2 1/4	6.72 7.59 8.51	160 179 200	176 197 220	7.39 8.35 9.36	172 192 215	198 221 247	217 244 272
2 3/8 2 1/2 2 5/8				10.4 11.6 12.8	239 262 288	274 302 331	
2 3/4 2 7/8 3				14.0 15.3 16.6	314 341 370	361 392 425	
3 1/8 3 1/4 3 3/8				18.0 19.5 21.0	399 429 459	458 492 529	
3 1/2 3 5/8 3 3/4				22.7 24.3 26.0	491 523 557	564 602 641	
3 7/8 4 4 1/8				27.7 29.6 31.7	591 627 658	680 720 757	
4 1/4 4 3/8				33.3 35.4	694 734	799 844	

Available galvanized at 10% lower strengths, or in equivalent strengths on special request.

Should not be used with a swivel.